



Resources Class 8 MCQs Questions with Answers

Question 1.

Coal is an example of

- (a) renewable resources
- (b) non-renewable resources
- (c) human resources
- (d) potential resources

Answer

Answer: (b) non-renewable resources

Question 2.

Resources are distributed unequally over the earth because of

- (a) the different natural conditions
- (b) level of development
- (c) technological levels
- (d) all of these

Answer

Answer: (a) the different natural conditions

Question 3.

Balancing the need to use resources and also conserve them for the future is called

- (a) Sustainable development
- (b) Resource conservation
- (c) Resource development
- (d) Human resource development

Answer

Answer: (a) Sustainable development

Question 4.

On the basis of origin, Natural resources can be classified as _____ and _____.

- (a) Biotic and Abiotic resources
- (b) Renewable and Non Renewable
- (c) Actual and Potential resources
- (d) Ubiquitous and Localised resource

Answer

Answer: (a) Biotic and Abiotic resources

Question 5.

On the basis of their use and development, Natural resources can be classified as _____ and _____.

- (a) Biotic and Abiotic resources
- (b) Actual and Potential resources
- (c) Renewable and Non Renewable
- (d) Ubiquitous and Localised resources

Answer

Answer: (b) Actual and Potential resources

Question 6.

High speed winds, solar energy, bio waste etc were all considered as potential sources of energy in the past, but today they are all examples of _____

- (a) Non-Renewable Resources
- (b) Actual Resources

- (c) Ubiquitous Resources
- (d) Localised Resources

Answer

Answer: (b) Actual Resources

Question 7.

Water, Electricity, Rickshaw etc have all something in common, they have been used by people and hence they are all examples of

- (a) Patent
- (b) Skill
- (c) Utility
- (d) Potential

Answer

Answer: (c) Utility

Question 8.

Name the type of resources which have the capacity or ability to reproduce or renew quickly.

- (a) Localised Resources
- (b) Non-Renewable Resources
- (c) Renewable Resources
- (d) Ubiquitous Resources

Answer

Answer: (c) Renewable Resources

Question 9.

Grandmother's home remedies have no commercial value, but can be

patented and sold to become economically valuable. What exactly is the meaning of the word Patent from the following list of options?

- (a) To satisfy human needs
- (b) The exclusive right over an idea or invention
- (c) Renewable resources
- (d) The usability or utility of a substance

Answer

Answer: (b) The exclusive right over an idea or invention

Question 10.

Resources used carefully and giving them time to get renewed is called

- (a) resource depletion
- (b) resource conservation
- (c) resource pollution
- (d) none of these

Answer

Answer: (b) resource conservation

Question 11.

On the basis of their distribution, Natural resources can be classified as _____ and _____.

- (a) Ubiquitous and Localised resources
- (b) Biotic and Abiotic resources
- (c) Actual and Potential resources
- (d) Renewable and Non Renewable

Answer

Answer: (a) Ubiquitous and Localised resources

Question 12.

Name the Resources where the quantity is known

- (a) Biotic
- (b) Actual
- (c) Renewable
- (d) Potential

Answer

Answer: (b) Actual

Question 13.

Nitrogen fixation can be done by

- (a) Industries
- (b) Rhizobium
- (c) Lightening
- (d) All of the above

Answer

Answer: (d) All of the above

Question 14.

From the following which one can be described as a best example for having an economic value

- (a) A beautiful sunset
- (b) Resources like Iron, Manganese
- (c) Affection from friends and family
- (d) Good weather

Answer

Answer: (b) Resources like Iron, Manganese

Question 15.

From the given list of options, which one can be considered as an example of a Natural Resource?

- (a) Railway Tracks
- (b) Bridges
- (c) Sunlight
- (d) Roads

Answer

Answer: (c) Sunlight

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